

## Limits of Trig Functions

$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^3 x}{(2x)^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^3 x}{8x^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) = \frac{1}{8} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$2. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt[3]{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\sin x}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} \cdot \frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot x^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) = 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{3x + \sin x}{x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{3x}{x} + \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( 3 + \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) = 3 + 1 = 4$$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 + \sin x}{3 + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 + \sin 0}{3 + 0} = \frac{2 + 0}{3 + 0} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \cos x - 2}{3x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(\cos x - 1)}{3x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{(\cos x - 1)}{x} \right) = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$6. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(-3x)}{4x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(-3x)}{4x} \cdot \frac{\frac{-3}{4}}{\frac{-3}{4}} = -\frac{3}{4} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(-3x)}{-3x} = -\frac{3}{4} \cdot 1 = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$7. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x^2 + 3x \sin x}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{4x^2}{x^2} + \frac{3x}{x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( 4 + 3 \cdot \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) = 4 + 3 = 7$$

$$8. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{1 - \sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\cos 0}{1 - \sin 0} \right) = \frac{1}{1 - 0} = 1$$

$$9. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos 3x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos 3x}{x} \cdot \frac{3}{3} = 3 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1 - \cos 3x}{3x} \right) = 3 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$10. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \sin x}{x^2 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{0 \cdot \sin 0}{0^2 + 1} \right) = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

11.

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - 2x^2 - 2\cos x + \cos^2 x}{x^2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2x^2 + 1 - 2\cos x + \cos^2 x}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2x^2 + (1 - 2\cos x + \cos^2 x)}{x^2} = \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2x^2}{x^2} + \frac{(1 - \cos x)(1 - \cos x)}{x^2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2x^2}{x^2} + \frac{(1 - \cos x)}{x} \cdot \frac{(1 - \cos x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} -2 + \frac{(1 - \cos x)}{x} \cdot \frac{(1 - \cos x)}{x} = \\ -2 + 0 \cdot 0 &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$12. \begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{(1 + \cos x)}{(1 + \cos x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{\sin x(1 + \cos x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x(1 + \cos x)} = \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{(1 + \cos x)} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 0}{(1 + \cos 0)} = \frac{0}{1 + 1} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$13. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x + \tan x}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x \cos x + \sin x}{\cos x}}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cos x + \sin x}{\sin x \cos x} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cos x}{\sin x \cos x} + \frac{\sin x}{\sin x \cos x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{x}{\sin x} + \frac{1}{\cos x} \right) = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$14. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cot x = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{x}{\sin x} \cdot \cos x \right) = 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

$$15. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

16.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\csc 2x}{\cot x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{\sin 2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{2 \sin x \cos x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2 \sin x \cos^2 x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2 \cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$